AN INDEX TO U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY TOPOGRAPHIC MAPS OF MINNESOTA
AS OF JULY 1, 1958

Herbert E. Wright, Jr. (1) and Merle P. Meyer (2)

Conventional U. S. Geological Survey maps are based on quadrangles bounded by either 15 minutes or 7½ minutes of latitude and longitude with scales of 1/62,500 or 1/24,000, respectively. The average 1/24,000 scale quadrangle is approximately 15 x 22 inches in size and covers about 50 square miles of land area. Contour interval for most maps is 10 feet. Since 1949 all maps have been constructed from aerial photographs by accurate photogrammetric methods with control points established by field survey and with subsequent field checking of detail.

Published maps may be purchased from the U. S. Geological Survey at Washington, D. C., or at the Federal Center, Denver, Colo., for 30¢ per sheet, or from private map supplying companies. Preliminary maps may be purchased for 50¢ per sheet from the U. S. Geological Survey, Box 133, Rolla, Mo. Indexes of published Minnesota maps may be obtained from the Geological Survey in Washington, D. C., and indexes of advance maps from Rolla, Mo. Quadrangles should be ordered by name (if known) or specification of latitude and longitude. The latter may be accurately determined from county highway maps when used in conjunction with the index map in Figure 2 (see over). Contact prints of air photos on which the mapping was based may be purchased from Washington, D. C., as well as photo index sheets of individual quadrangles.

In addition to these conventional 7½ minute and 15 minute quadrangles, a completely different set of topographic maps at a scale of 1/250,000 has just become available. These maps are based on high-altitude photography and each covers an area bounded by 1 degree of latitude and 2 degrees of longitude. Each is identified by name and code number in the index map in Figure 1, and may be purchased for 50¢ per sheet from the Geological Survey at either Washington, D. C., or Denver, Colorado.

(1) Associate Professor, Department of Geology and Mineralogy, University of Minnesota
(2) Associate Professor, School of Forestry, University of Minnesota

Published by the School of Forestry, University of Minnesota, St. Paul 1, Minnesota, cooperating with the Division of Forestry, Minnesota Conservation Department, and Forest Industries of Minnesota
Figure 2. Index map of $\frac{7}{2}$ and 15' quadrangles.